

VOLUNTARY PRODUCT ACCESSIBILITY TEMPLATE™

Section 1194.21 Software Applications and Operating Systems — Detail

CRITERIA	SUPPORTING FEATURES	REMARKS AND EXPLANATIONS
(a) When software is designed to run on a system that has a keyboard, product functions shall be executable from a keyboard where the function itself or the result of performing a function can be discerned textually.	Standard Windows keyboard shortcuts are implemented throughout Kiwi CatTools	
(b) Applications shall not disrupt or disable activated features of other products that are identified as accessibility features, where those features are developed and documented according to industry standards. Applications also shall not disrupt or disable activated features of any operating system that are identified as accessibility features where the application programming interface for those accessibility features has been documented by the manufacturer of the operating system and is available to the product developer.	We have never encountered any situation where Kiwi CatTools impairs the function of any accessibility-related product or feature.	
(c) A well-defined on-screen indication of the current focus shall be provided that moves among interactive interface elements as the input focus changes. The focus shall be programmatically exposed so that Assistive Technology can track focus and focus changes.	Kiwi CatTools uses standard Windows conventions for showing focus.	
(d) Sufficient information about a user interface element including the identity, operation and state of the element shall be available to Assistive Technology. When an image represents a program element, the information conveyed by the image must also be available in text.	Kiwi CatTools uses standard Windows conventions for labeling menus, buttons, and icons.	
(e) When bitmap images are used to identify controls, status indicators, or other programmatic elements, the meaning assigned to those images shall be consistent throughout an application's performance.	Bitmaps are rarely used for elements of user-interaction; however, to the best of our knowledge, we appropriately label all of those instances.	
(f) Textual information shall be provided through operating system functions for displaying text. The minimum information that shall be made available is text content, text input caret location, and text attributes.	All text is displayed according to standard Windows conventions.	
(g) Applications shall not override user selected contrast and color selections and other individual display attributes.	Kiwi CatTools do not override user settings for color or contrast.	
(h) When animation is displayed, the information shall be displayable in at least one non-animated presentation mode at the option of the user.	When information is displayed through graphs, it is usually available in text format as well.	
(i) Color coding shall not be used as the only means of conveying information, indicating an action, prompting a response, or distinguishing a visual element.	When information is displayed through colors, it is usually available in text format as well.	
(j) When a product permits a user to adjust color and contrast settings, a variety of color selections capable of producing a range of contrast levels shall be provided.	Where we allow users to adjust graphics, we typically provide a wide range of colors and contrasts.	
(k) Software shall not use flashing or blinking text, objects, or other elements having a flash or blink frequency greater than 2 Hz and lower than 55Hz.	Elements that blink do so within the specified range.	
(l) When electronic forms are used, the form shall allow people using Assistive Technology to access the information, field elements, and functionality required for completion and submission of the form, including all directions and cues.	Not applicable to Kiwi CatTools	